

# LEADER OF SOCIALISTS IS VICTIM OF ASSASSIN

(Continued From First Page.)

diners and passers-by, and the assassin was seized. In his pocket was another loaded revolver. The police rescued him from the crowd, which shouted, "Death to the assassin!"

The body of the noted deputy was placed in a city conveyance, which, surrounded by weeping comrades and friends, proceeded to his home, followed by a detachment of republican guards. There were shouts of "Vive Jaures" by the crowd, and later a demonstration in front of the office of L. Humanite and in the boulevards when the news became generally known.

**ONE OF MOST PROMINENT LEADERS IN SOCIALISM**

Jean Leon Jaures was born in 1859. He was for years one of the most prominent Socialist leaders in Europe. He was always a strong opponent of militarism and the capitalists, and a firm believer that international peace could be maintained only by the economic reforms of the world.

In debate he was forceful, and when necessity arose his invective was scathing. Many times the chamber was thrown into turmoil as the result of Jaures' speeches.

A sensation was created in France and Germany by the refusal of Jaures to permit Jaures to deliver an address to the Socialists in Berlin on the preservation of the world's peace. The speech, published in the Jaures newspaper, L'Humanite, was a masterpiece of oratory. It pointed out that if France, Germany or Great Britain went to war with either of the other powers, it would prove a disaster to the world.

## PROMPT ACTION TAKEN TO REASSURE COUNTRY

(Continued From First Page.)

It was arranged that Mr. Warburg should appear before the committee tomorrow afternoon. In the meantime, the name of the other member will be submitted to the Senate. To-night was believed that Edwin A. Potter, Chicago banker, and a Republican, would be chosen.

Official Washington was unusually timid regarding the general financial outlook in the United States. Secretary McAdoo had no worries over the exportation of American gold, though he approved heartily the closing of the stock exchanges in order to check it. He referred to the patriotism of the bankers of the country, who, he felt assured, would not permit changes that would be disadvantageous to the nation.

## MRS. W. CAN TAKE CARE OF HERSELF

America is in a position to take care of herself. In the Senate optimistic notes were sounded on all sides, regardless of party divisions, and Senator Nelson, of Minnesota, dramatically declared: "Europe is in a crisis, but this country is in a position to meet any emergency that may arise."

## LEAVE FOR WASHINGTON TO CONFER WITH MCADOO

New York, July 31.—Announcement was made to-night that William Woodard, president of the National National Bank, would leave for Washington at midnight to confer with Secretary McAdoo regarding the practical operation of the Federal Reserve Act, authorizing the issue of currency. The two bankers got on a mission from the National Currency Association of New York, whose executive committee decided upon the step at a meeting held yesterday at the clearing-house. Frank Vanderlip, president of the National Bank, also left for Washington. The close contact maintained by the Federal Reserve Bank with the Treasury Department, and the announced presence of the high Treasury official at the meeting, was a sign of the importance of the visit. It was also a sign of the close relations between the two banks, which have been maintained since the establishment of the Federal Reserve Bank, considered it one of the most important developments of the day.

## AMUSEMENTS

Bison—Feature motion picture, "Prestige."—Columbia—Vaudeville and pictures. Empire—Pictures.

## The Weather

Forecast: Virginia—Fair Saturday and probably Sunday; slowly rising temperature. North Carolina—Generally fair Saturday and Sunday; light variable winds.

Special Local Data for Yesterday:

12 noon temperature	72
5 P. M. temperature	79
Maximum temperature	82
P. M. temperature	78
Minimum temperature	68
Mean temperature	75
Normal temperature	79
Deficiency in temperature	11
Deficiency in temperature since March 1	185
Accumulated deficiency in temperature since January 1	204
Deficiency in rainfall since March 1	5.57
Accumulated deficiency in rainfall since January 1	1.57

## CONDITIONS IN IMPORTANT CITIES

(At 5 P. M. Eastern Standard Time.)

Ther. H. P. L. T. Weather.

Asheville	74	82	68	P. cloudy
Atlanta	74	82	68	Cloudy
Boston	74	82	68	Cloudy
Buffalo	74	82	68	Cloudy
Chicago	74	82	68	Cloudy
Charlotte	74	82	68	Cloudy
Denver	74	82	68	Cloudy
Duluth	74	82	68	Cloudy
Galveston	74	82	68	Cloudy
Hatteras	74	82	68	Cloudy
Havana	74	82	68	Cloudy
Jacksonville	74	82	68	Cloudy
Kansas City	74	82	68	Cloudy
Louisville	74	82	68	Cloudy
Montgomery	74	82	68	Cloudy
New Orleans	74	82	68	Cloudy
New York	74	82	68	Cloudy
Norfolk	74	82	68	Cloudy
Oklahoma	74	82	68	Cloudy
Pittsburgh	74	82	68	Cloudy
Raleigh	74	82	68	Cloudy
St. Louis	74	82	68	Cloudy
St. Paul	74	82	68	Cloudy
San Francisco	74	82	68	Cloudy
Savannah	74	82	68	Cloudy
Spokane	74	82	68	Cloudy
Tampa	74	82	68	Cloudy
Washington	74	82	68	Cloudy
Wilmington	74	82	68	Cloudy
Wichita	74	82	68	Cloudy
Wytheville	74	82	68	Cloudy

## MINIATURE ALMANAC

Sun rises 5:45  
Sun sets 7:17

# Jurors Who Are Hearing Hall Murder Trial



## DAY'S EVIDENCE DEALS HARSHLY WITH DEFENDANT

(Continued From First Page.)

It is to be introduced in an attempt to show that Victor Hall's bed was drenched in blood after the murder, which, if true, will prove that he was not shot when he went to answer the strange knocking on the door. Lou Pendleton, colored, who was once employed by Mrs. Hall as a washerwoman, testified this afternoon that she had seen Mrs. Hall's bed frequently and that she had never seen on it an unusual bolster. The bolster on which Victor Hall's body rested while he was lying was unaccounted for.

Standing room in the court today was at a premium. One woman came in with her baby. The baby fortunately appeared interested in the proceedings and sucked its thumb contentedly. Court officers surrendered their seats to other women and still others of the summer visitors crowded closely about the jury box. Only once was there a show of disturbance, and that was when Lindsay Gordon mildly rebuked the witness, Lula Pendleton. A titter ran through the court, but quickly subsided when Judge Shackelford threatened to clear the room.

## COURT ADMITS EVIDENCE RELATING TO FIRE

After an hour's argument before Judge Shackelford this morning, the court decided that the evidence relating to the fire discovered in the pantry of the Hall home ten minutes after Mrs. Hall left on the afternoon of her arrest, was admissible.

Dr. T. M. Taylor was recalled to the stand. He was asked whether Victor Hall could have inflicted the wound from which he died.

"I don't think he could have," the witness replied.

"How could he have received the bullet over his left eye?" asked Mr. Gordon.

"Either by a blow or a fall," the witness replied. "There were two distinct injuries."

Dr. E. L. Banks then came to the stand. He was called to attend Victor Hall by Mr. Woody, and arrived at 2:40 o'clock, and Hall was dying then. He went into Mrs. Hall's sitting-room, and he asked her what the shooting occurred. She told him the same story about Victor going to the door and being shot. Dr. Banks said that Hall would have moved from the momentum if moving when he was shot, and would have fallen face forward, if standing still he would have fallen in his tracks.

"What was Mrs. Hall's demeanor?" "She was more distressed than grieved. She was more composed than the others. Witness did not think Victor could have inflicted the wound himself."

"Would the blood have spattered from such a wound?" asked a juror. "It would depend on circumstances, and the disposition of the arteries in the head," said Dr. Banks.

Prompted by Mrs. Hall, Mr. Gordon asked the witness whether she said or heard the knocking at the door. Dr. Banks' impression was that she told him that Victor said it was his father at the door. The prosecution is attempting to prove that, on account of her ear trouble, Mrs. Hall could not have heard a knock on the door.

R. C. Mackay, a Pinkerton detective, was summoned to the stand. He said he recalled Hall on April 15. He measured the distance from the counters in the Hall store to the door. He found two other pistols on the premises, and then saw Victor's pistol which he testified he read to the court the statement made to him by Mrs. Hall, which narrated much about her early life and her marriage to Asa Dunkum, she said, was very happy. She married Victor Hall when she was thirty-eight and he twenty-five. On the night of the fire Victor said to his wife that they had better help Dunkum get out of the store, and then Mrs. Hall said that she and Victor were getting on so well together that it would not be wise. Mrs. Hall told him practically the same story about the pistol which she had told the others. She said that Dunkum was very excited when he came in.

## THOUGHT HIM FOOLING

WHEN HE TALKED OF LOVE

Hall said that she thought at first Victor was fooling her when he spoke of love, but that when she found out that he really did love her, she loved him all her heart. She said they were very happy together, and that they were not jealous of each other, and that he was kind to her children.

Witness said that Mrs. Hall told him that if it had been her first husband, who was shot, she would have gone right to jail without question; that she knew she was suspected.

She told the detective on April 26 that Mr. Scott had accused her of the murder. She said to him: "What would be my motive in killing Victor?"

On April 29, Mackay said he asked Mrs. Hall if she thought Victor had killed himself, and she replied that if Elsie Wood had not been positive that she took the gun from the bureau-drawer, she would have thought that he did commit suicide, as he said when feeling unwell that he did not think he would live long.

Mackay said he weighted the bullet taken from Victor's head, and that it weighed 138 grains. A bullet extracted from Victor's pistol weighed 153 grains. He found some lubricant still on the bullet which killed Victor.

The witness said that a 32 caliber bullet weighs eighty-three grains, fifty-five grains less than the bullet taken from Hall's head.

On cross-examination, he said that Mrs. Hall signed an agreement to pay him the agency's rate of \$8 a day in the employment of the detective by the Hall estate.

A lavish love letter, written by Victor to his wife several years ago, was read to the jury. It was couched in most affectionate terms, Hall telling her that he hoped they would meet in heaven. The letter was undated, it is supposed to have been written when Mrs. Hall was in Richmond.

Mackay testified that Mrs. Hall called the investigation "a bore." G. W. Scott, of the State Insurance Bureau, was called. Mrs. Hall told him that after the fire Victor heard a

## knock on the door, and picking up a lamp, went to the door. Then she heard him call out, the sound of a shot and Victor falling. She lit a lamp, and going into the store, found her husband lying huddled up behind the counters. She did not call the girls, she told him, but they heard her call Dunkum, and came down of their own accord. She said that she did not know whether the pistol had been fired, but that she heard it had been. She complained of people talking about her, and accused Scott of suspecting her of firing the fatal shot. She testified that people were talking about her and Mr. Robert. They even think I poisoned my first husband," witness said Mrs. Hall told him.

"He died of pneumonia," she said, "and you can ask Dr. Porter and he will tell you."

Counsel for the defense objected to these statements, but the court said it could not dissent, the evidence, and the statements stood.

M. F. Peers was the next witness. Mr. Peers had a conversation with the accused.

"She wanted to send a message to Miss Elsie Wood to build the same statement before the grand jury that she had made before the coroner's inquest, and that it is no secret, and I may as well tell you any reason for that."

"Yes, that Miss Wood was to say it was ten minutes before she got down stairs after the shooting."

## LAWYER ASKS REPRIMAND BY COURT

Lindsay Gordon bantered with the witness and caused a laugh. Lawyer and audience were adversely reprimanded by Judge Shackelford. "This is not a funny matter," he said.

Witness admitted to Mr. Gordon that Mrs. Hall thought Miss Wood had changed her statement. Mr. Peers adhered to his original testimony as to the nature of Mrs. Hall's message.

Counsel for the defense wanted to consult a witness, and court was adjourned to 2:30 o'clock.

C. L. Marks, brother of Mrs. W. R. Dunkum, was the first witness called in the afternoon. He said that Mrs. Hall said that she thought the store door was closed, but not locked, when she went out to call Dunkum after the murder. He related practically the same story of the murder told by Mrs. Hall as has been testified to by others.

Witness said he made a signed statement and sent it to G. W. Scott of the State Bureau of Insurance. Mrs. Hall told him he said that she put a pillow under Victor's head, but he could not remember whether it was before or after she called Dunkum.

"That is a fact," asked Mr. Gordon. "That every one who saw Mrs. Hall asked her for a statement of the shooting."

"I don't know," replied the witness. George W. Trainham, of the Green Springs school, who was one of the deputized investigators into the Hall murder mystery, was next summoned to the stand.

In a conversation with Mrs. Hall after the murder she said to him that she and Victor heard some one knocking on the door. He got up, picked up a lamp and went to the door. She heard him say, "Oh, Lord," then came a pistol shot, and then the sound of Victor Hall falling.

"She said she found Victor huddled up on the floor," said the witness. "She put a pillow under his head, and her hands, and blood spattered up in her face."

"Elsie Dunkum, who was present, said that she saw blood on the floor. I thought at first she was lying, but I thought she was telling the truth."

To Mr. Gordon, Mr. Trainham said that he put his recollection of Mrs. Hall's statement, and that he handed his note book to Mr. Gordon.

E. L. Marks, another brother of Mrs. W. R. Dunkum, and resident of 2007 Pleasant Street, Richmond, came next to the stand.

He was asked to narrate a conversation he had with Mrs. Victor Hall after the shooting.

HE TOLD THAT PEOPLE WERE SUSPECTING DUNKUM

"Mrs. Hall told me there were some things I should know, that people were suspicious of Mr. Dunkum, but that she did not believe Buck had done it. She told me to tell Buck not to talk too much, as he would certainly get himself into trouble."

Lou Pendleton, colored, was called. She said she presented a card to the store on the evening of May 14 when the house was set afire.

"I saw Mrs. Hall come out and place a box on the porch, and then Mamie came out," she said. "The others came out, and Mrs. Hall stopped at the porch and went around and looked into the pantry window. Then she came back and picked up her box and went away."

"Who was the last person to come out of the house?"

"Mrs. Victor Hall."

Witness said that she then went home. She said it was between five and ten minutes between the time the others came out and the time Mrs. Hall came out of the house.

"She went around to the pantry and noticed," said the witness, "she didn't put her hands on anything. Lou said she had been employed as a washerwoman by Mrs. Hall."

"Did you wash her night gowns?"

"Yes."

"What color were they?"

"White."

Witness said she was in Mrs. Hall's bedroom the Monday preceding the murder, and that the bed had two sheets, quilt, counterpane, bolster and pillow and a big sham on it.

"Did you ever see the bed made up without a case on the bolster?"

"No, sir."

To Mr. Gordon, who had steadily attempted to confuse the witness, Lou said that she had never seen in her life a bolster without a case in Mrs. Hall's house.

"I always noticed when I goes into any house," she added.

Attorney Carter then took her in hand and had the witness cross-examined by Mr. Gordon. Lou was a Tartar.

When asked if she had talked with her mother, she said she had talked with a Pinkerton. To him she gave a statement.

She told Mr. Fulton that she had also talked with Mr. Gordon about the case. George Trainham was recalled. He was at Green Springs on May 14, when the shooting occurred in Mrs. Hall's pantry. He saw the older Mrs. Hall, Rebecca, the colored girl, and two Dunkum girls leaving the house, and saw or ten minutes later saw Mrs. Hall come out. A few moments afterwards some one said the case was gone, and some one else said, "Let it burn."

"I ran to the pantry and pushed up the shutter slats with my hands, finding the window was secure. When I jerked the blinds off the heat was very intense, and I could smell the odor of greenness. When we got in I saw a pile of clothes burning in the corner. Witness said he found all the window fastenings and doors intact, and that they had to break in the store to extinguish the fire. He said that there was no stove in the pantry."

On cross-examination Mr. Trainham said that he did not see Lou Pendleton there, though the witness had just testified and said that she saw Mrs. Hall and the others leave the store, just before the fire. He said he had asked about the case to four or five detectives. When he left the stand court adjourned.

## GERMANY CONFRONTED BY GREAT COALITION

(Continued From First Page.)

Russia, Austria, Serbia, Holland, Belgium, Switzerland and Montenegro. Germany is officially declared to be under martial law, but it is impossible to know exactly whether mobilization has actually begun, as the press censorship is so strict that no communication of any sort is allowed to pass her frontier by any means whatever.

Precautionary measures are being taken by France, Great Britain, Norway, Italy, Spain and Portugal. It can be said that the formula for precautionary measures is a mere diplomatic device qualifying the preparations which indisputably amount to a silent mobilization.

Partial mobilization began in Switzerland to-day, and its newspapers are under strict orders of silence. The great problem for the Swiss is to have a sufficient quantity of wheat and corn for the army and the people, which are not on hand at present. The price of foodstuffs throughout the country has risen 20 per cent, and American visitors are finding hotel bills at the same proportion.

**MANY AMERICAN NAVAL OFFICERS HAVE BEEN CALLED**

Many American naval officers who are here on their vacations were recalled yesterday by the committee from Washington. Several departed to-day, leaving their families at Geneva. Hall cannot be obtained at the Swiss bank, as over \$250,000 has been sequestered by the National Swiss Bank for the use of the country in the event of war.

Prince Danilo, of Montenegro, who has been staying at Zurich, was recalled by his father, the King. He stated before leaving last night: "Montenegro is going to fight until the end on the side of Serbia against the common enemy."

English newspapers have been debarred from the continent, and as well as Austria. Telephonic and telegraphic communication between Copenhagen and Berlin and between Antwerp and Berlin and Paris and Berlin was cut off at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. It is probable that similar measures will be taken in France to-morrow. In any case, it is expected that the utmost dispatch will be experienced in getting a message of any length out from Paris.

## FAVORABLE REPORT MADE

Washington, D. C., July 31.—Without a dissenting voice the Senate War Claims Committee to-day reported favorably the Senate bill appropriating \$100,000 for the relief of the Virginia Military Institute at Lexington, property destroyed by the Federal army during the war between the States. The measure has already passed the Senate, and it is expected that favorable action will be taken by the lower branch of Congress before the present session adjourns.

Representatives Montague and Flood appeared before the committee this afternoon and argued that the case was a just one. They told of the protests made by William McKinley, then an officer in the Union army, later President of the United States, and also by Major Du Pont, now United States Senator from Delaware, against the burning and destruction of the property at Lexington. When the two Virginia Congressmen had finished, the committee voted unanimously to report the bill.

# If You Enjoy Dancing

You'll surely want one or more of the new dance records just issued by the Victor Company. They are the best the Victor has presented for some time, and we want you to come to our store and hear them while enjoying a comfortable rest in our soundproof Victor Parlors. We'll also demonstrate the different styles of the Victrola if you desire.

Victrolas, \$15 to \$200, and on easy terms.

Walter D. Moses & Co.,  
103 E. Broad Street,  
Oldest Music House in Virginia and North Carolina.

## Specials at S. ULLMAN'S SON

1820-1822 East Main Street, and 504 East Marshall Street.

Large New Potatoes, 1/2 peck ..... 25c  
Large Freestone Peaches, basket ..... 25c  
New Snaps, peck ..... 15c  
Good Salt Pork ..... 11c  
New Tomatoes, quart ..... 10c  
New Cabbages, dozen ..... 8c  
New Corn, dozen ..... 15c

## Unusual Figures

That Show Strength  
Capital \$300,000.00  
Surplus and Profits,  
\$1,500,000.00  
(Note the proportion.)

## Planters National Bank

107 E. BROAD STREET.  
MILLINERY—Women's and Misses' Outer Apparel.

# The COHEN CO. INC.

THE DAYLIGHT STORE, 97 RICHMOND.

# TO-DAY WILL BE SKIRT DAY AT COHEN'S

Quite a number of White Skirts have been shipped at under prices, some of the handsomest of the season. We want you to see the Skirts that are going to be sold at \$1.39. We have had no Skirts like it at \$2.00 this season.

The Skirts that have been \$2.98—we mean the material that has been that; in the new shape entirely; an improvement on the former ones; the tunic is hemstitched, and the price only \$2.00.

Of course there are Skirts at 50c. And Skirts at \$1.00. And Skirts at \$1.95 that have been \$6.75. All the above are in white.

# THE SALE OF DRESSES EMBRACES ALL THE ACCUMULATIONS OF THE SEASON

Some only single ones, some in twos and threes. We have bunched a lot of 200, and Dresses that sold up to \$10.50 go in the bunch at \$4.00.

Another lot that has been up to \$22.50 are put in at \$7.50 choice.

The Garment Store imposes a heavy loss on us now. Almost anything that you could think of is here at half and one-fourth price.

## THE REINACH CO., Inc.

107 E. BROAD STREET.  
MILLINERY—Women's and Misses' Outer Apparel.

PARKER'S  
HAIR BALM  
A truly  
valuable  
preparation  
for  
restoring  
color and  
brilliance  
to the  
hair.

# "Such Peach Ice Cream!"

If words could only paint a picture of the flavor of a tender, juicy peach, with a "bouquet" like that of some rare flower—then we could describe the taste of PEERLESS PEACH ICE CREAM!

# PEERLESS PEACH ICE CREAM Is Made for "Quality Folks"

"The Creme de la Creme"

Here is the smoothness that is the glory of good ice cream—purity that comes from the perfection of care and equipment. If you are particular, we want you to try PEERLESS Ice Cream ONCE. It's goodness will WIN YOU OVER!

# Costs a Little More Because It's So Much Better

Though it costs a little more than most ice creams that you can buy, yet it is less expensive than making it yourself. We save you all the trouble of picking the choicest peaches, securing the purest, richest cream, and combining all the other ingredients that go to make PEERLESS ICE CREAM SO DELICIOUS!

## Just Telephone Madison 7147

Order This "Treat" for Sunday's Dessert

We will deliver promptly, in bricks for slicing, at the following prices:

Quart 50c; half gallon, \$1.00; three quarts, \$1.50; gallon, \$1.75.

(At these prices we also have Strawberry, Vanilla and Chocolate.)

## Neopolitan Brick Ice Cream

(Strawberry, Vanilla, Chocolate)

With the inimitable flavor and richness that appeals to the true ice cream-lover. Also, CHOCOLATE, ORANGE ICE, VANILLA, at these prices:

Quarts, 60c; half gallon, \$1.20; three quarts, \$1.75; gallon, \$2.00.

It's Best to Order Now for Sunday!

## Peerless ICE CREAM CO

Successors to  
L. K. Shepherd Ice Cream Co. Inc.  
2008 West Broad St.

# A man can better afford to lose his money than his temper.

VELVET smokers  
save money and temper both

Velvet Joe

It's often a great deal easier to get out of financial trouble than the trouble our tempers get us into, and man has never invented any better smother-out of ruffled tempers than VELVET, The Smoothest Smoking Tobacco. VELVET is Kentucky *Burley de Luxe* with an aged-in-the-wood mellowness that smoothes a man's temper